



Met Office
Hadley Centre

Biogeophysical and biogeochemical feedbacks involving aerosols

Olivier Boucher, Met Office Hadley Centre
Royal Meteorological Society's 2009 conference
2nd July 2009

Contents

This presentation covers the following areas

- Introduction
 - Feedbacks in the climate system
 - Aerosols
- Feedbacks involving natural aerosols
 - Marine aerosols
 - Dust
 - Biomass burning
 - Biogenic organic aerosols
- Aerosol-ecosystem interactions
- Conclusions



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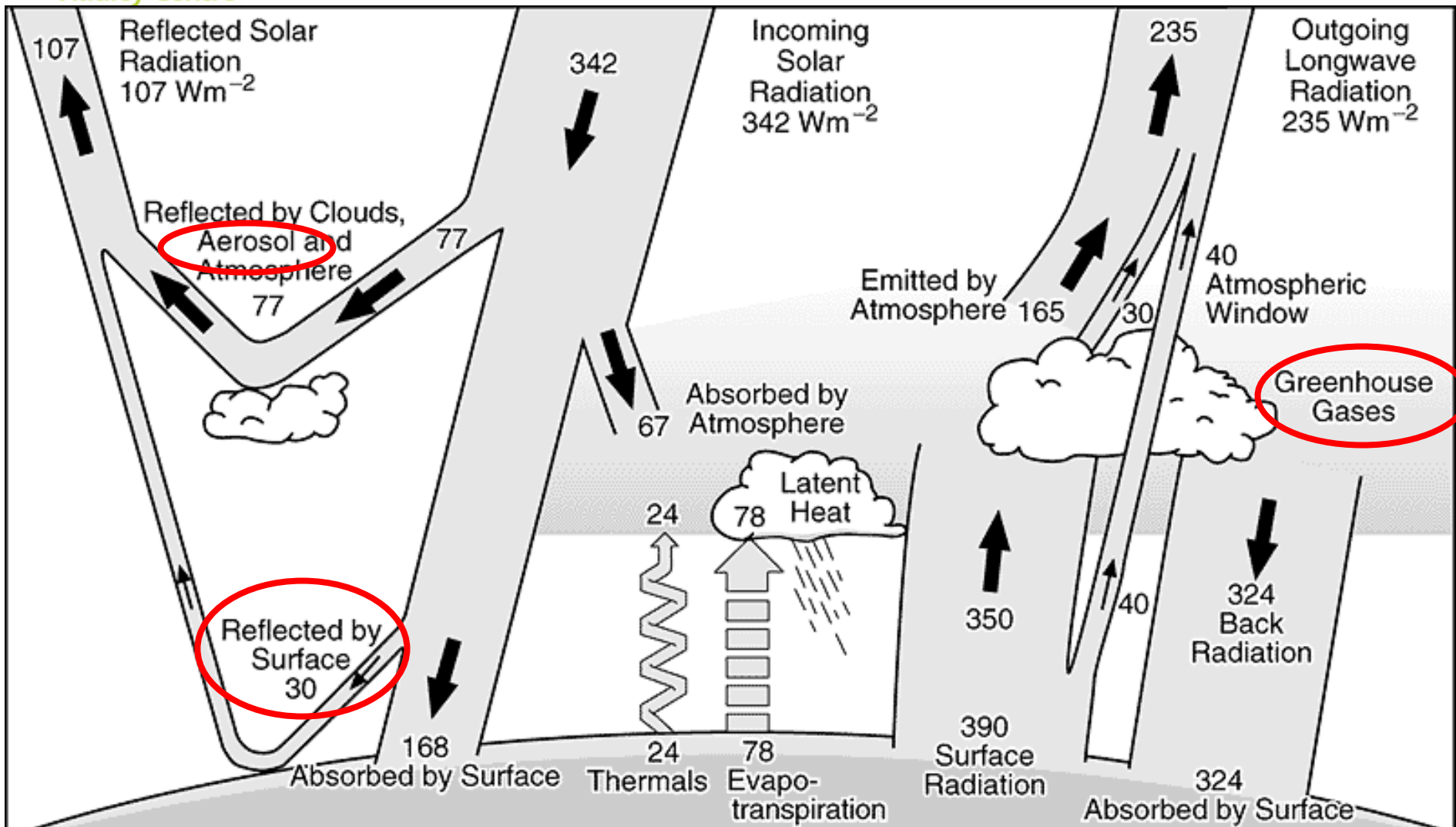
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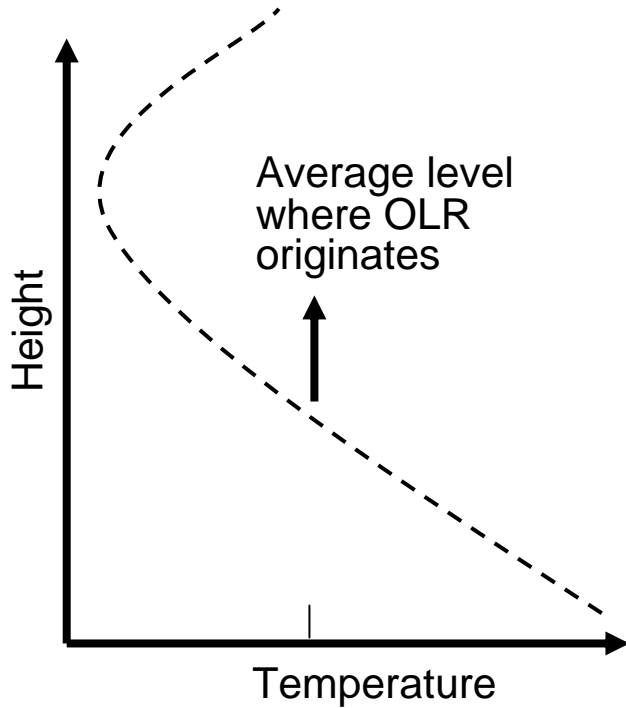


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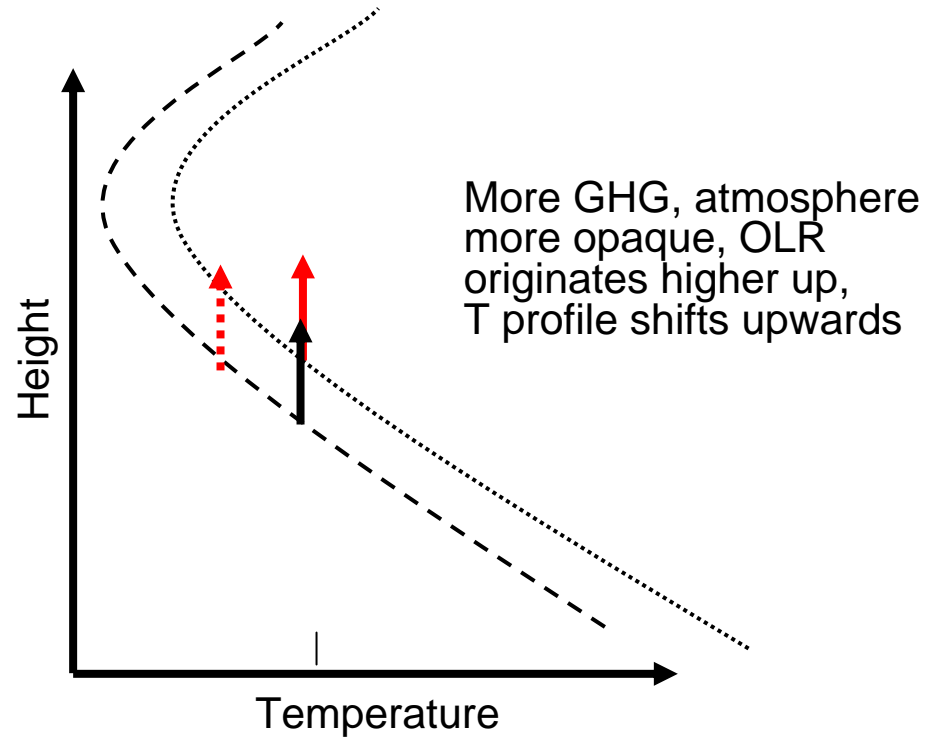
Energy budget



Forcing - Response



**Reference
Atmosphere**



**Atmosphere with
enhanced greenhouse effect**

What is a feedback? Examples

The water vapour feedback:

$$\text{GHG} \nearrow \Rightarrow T \nearrow \Rightarrow q_s(T) \nearrow \Rightarrow q \nearrow \Rightarrow \text{GHG} \nearrow \Rightarrow T \nearrow$$

The sea-ice feedback:

$$\text{GHG} \nearrow \Rightarrow T \nearrow \Rightarrow \text{sea-ice} \searrow \Rightarrow A \searrow \Rightarrow T \nearrow$$

Cloud, snow cover, lapse rate feedbacks ...

What is a feedback? Examples

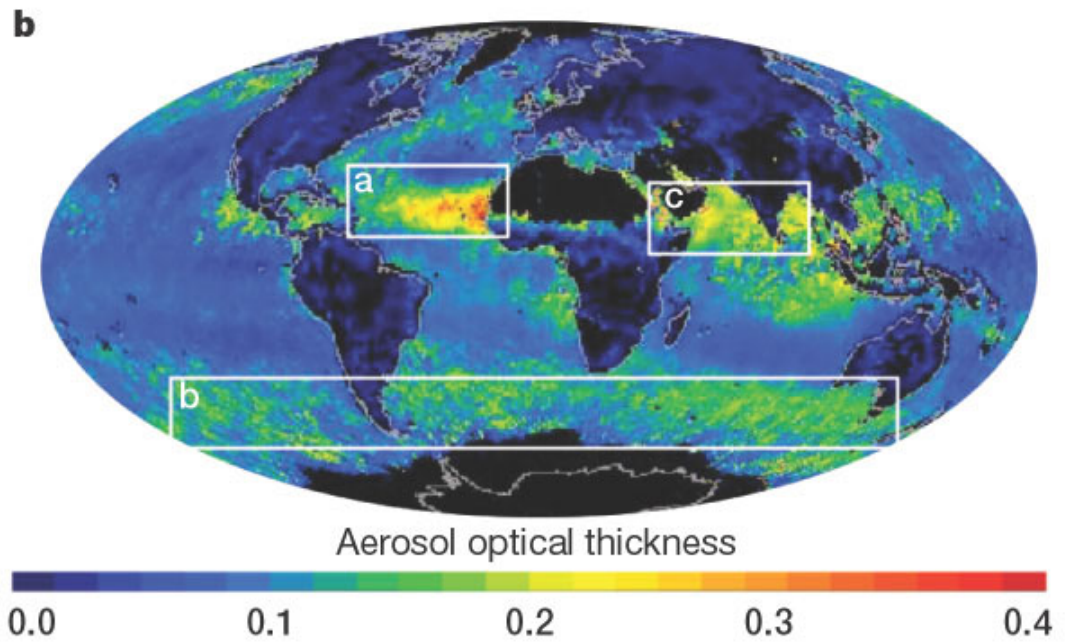
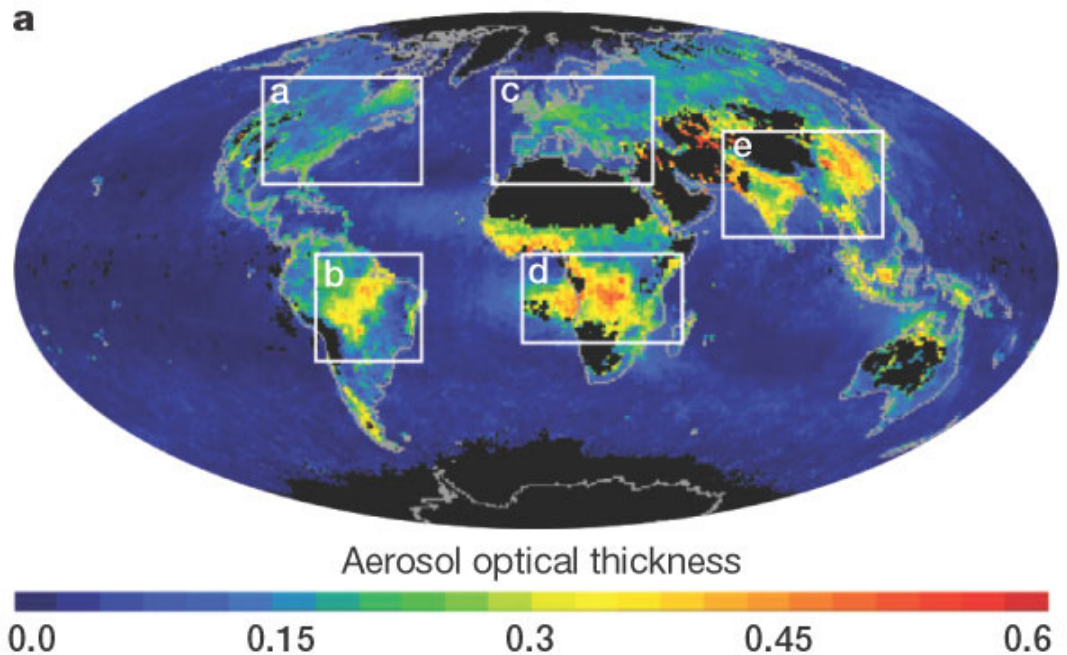
Carbon-climate feedback

GHG \nearrow \Rightarrow T \nearrow \Rightarrow NPP \nearrow \Rightarrow carbon sink \searrow \Rightarrow CO₂ \nearrow \Rightarrow T \nearrow
Rh(T) \nearrow
stratification \nearrow

Permafrost

What about aerosols?

Fine mode
Coarse mode



From Kaufman,
Tanré & Boucher,
Nature, 2002



HadGEM2, MISR and MODIS

HadGEM2

MISR

MODIS

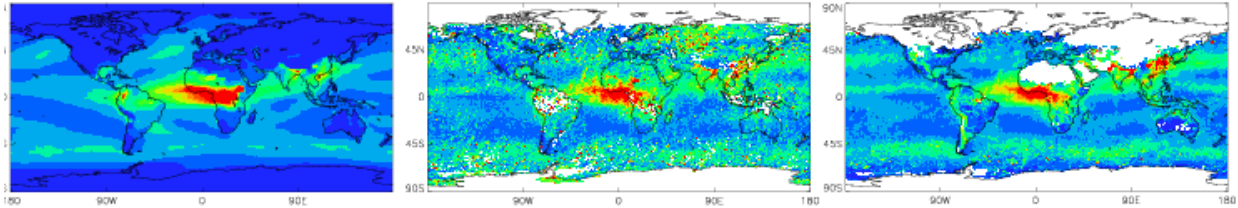
MODIS & MISR
2001

Main patterns are reproduced.

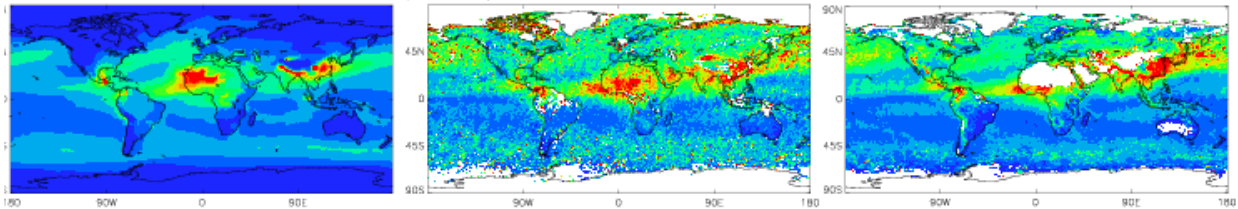
Continents are very clean in all seasons but summer (missing oxidation by O₃, nitrate).

African biomass burning seasonality too centred on summer.

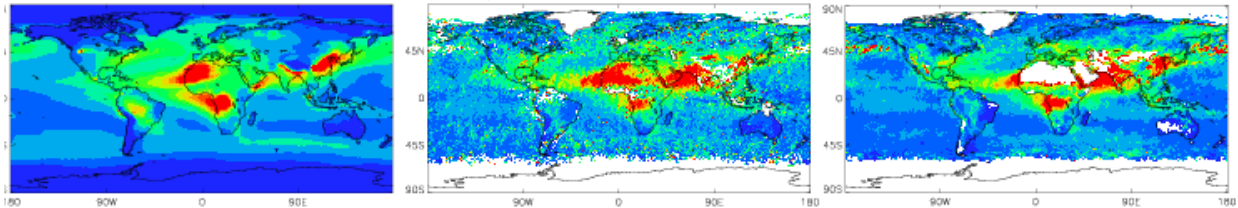
Winter (DJF)



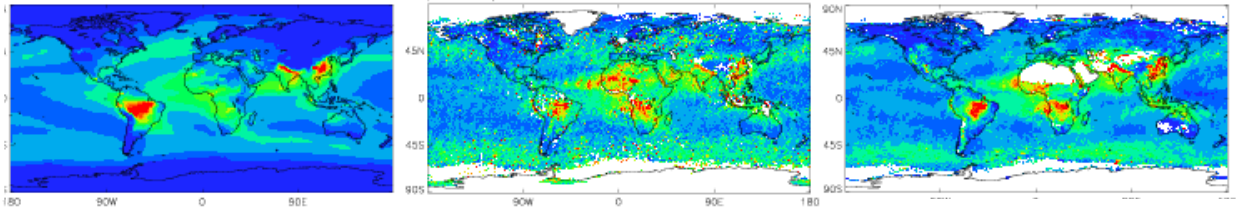
Spring (MAM)



Summer (JJA)



Autumn (SON)





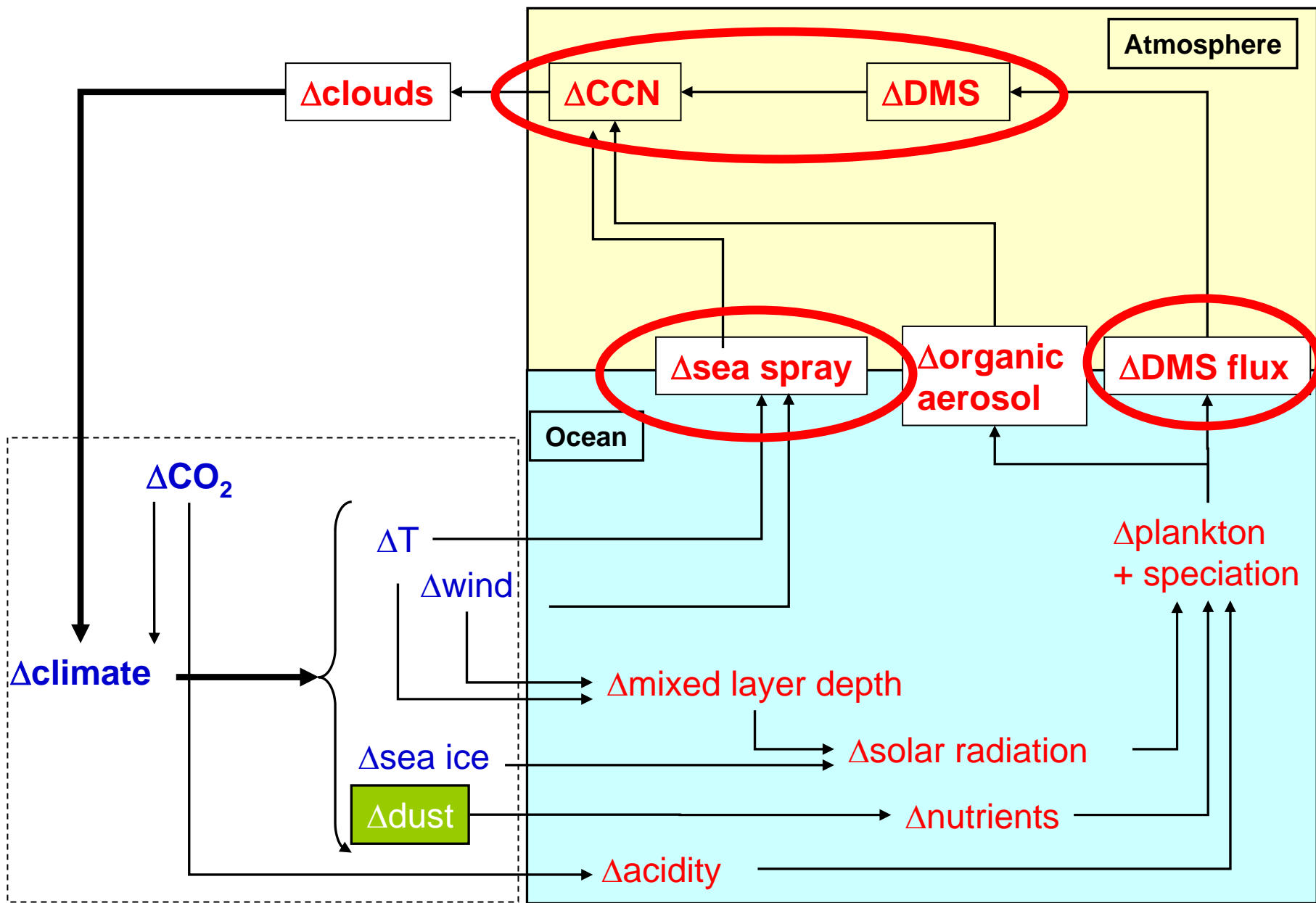
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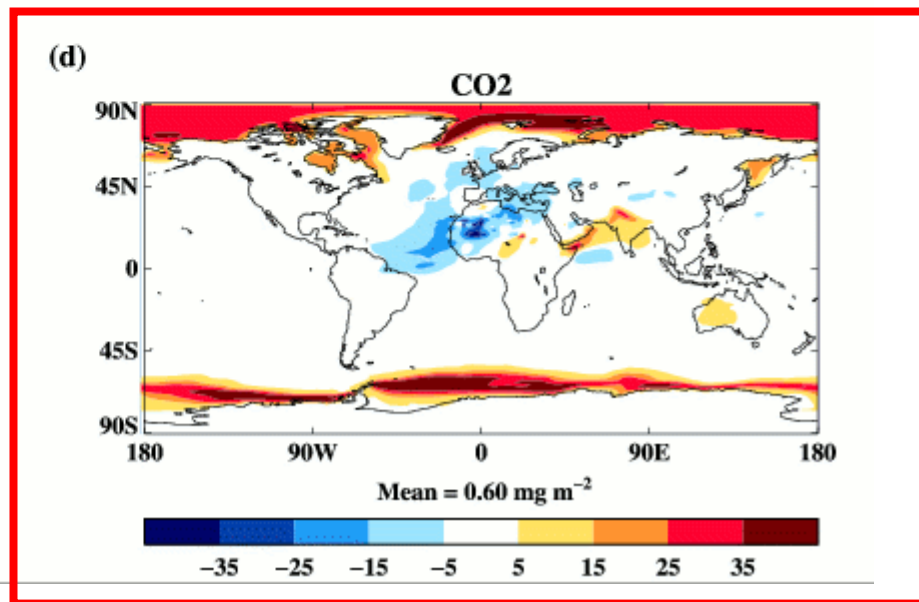
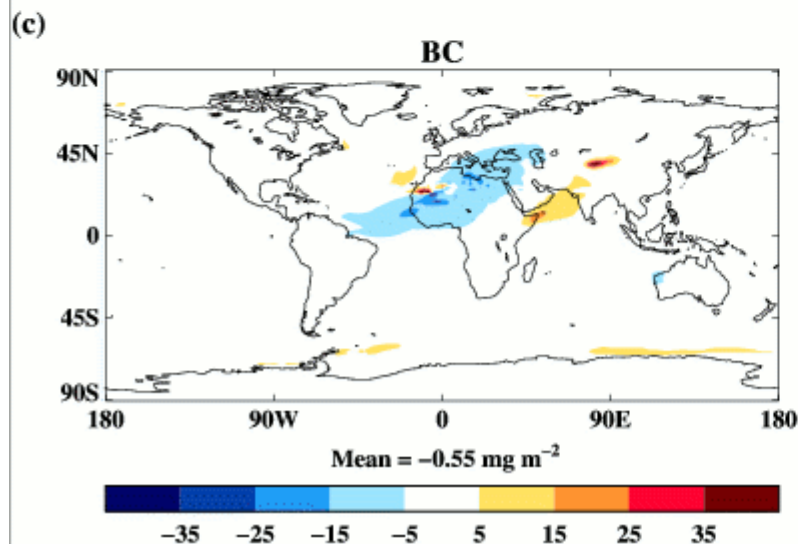
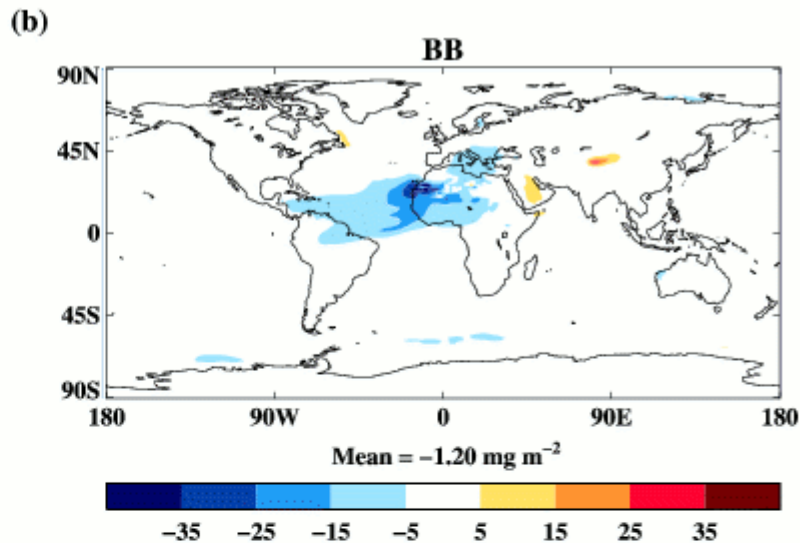
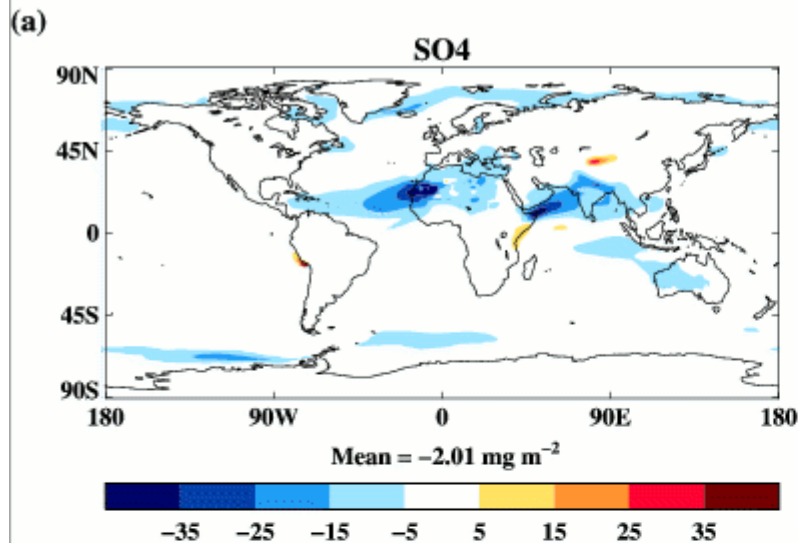
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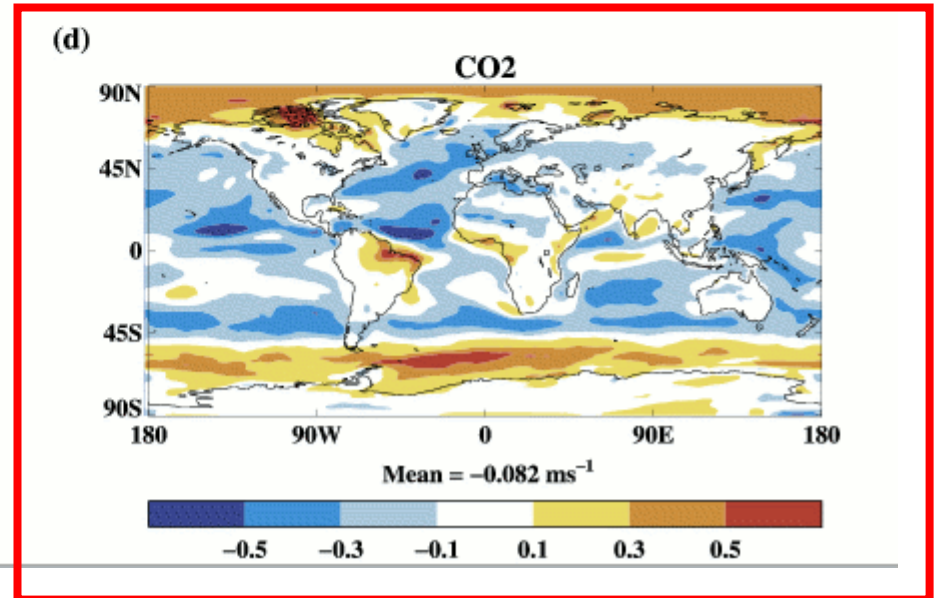
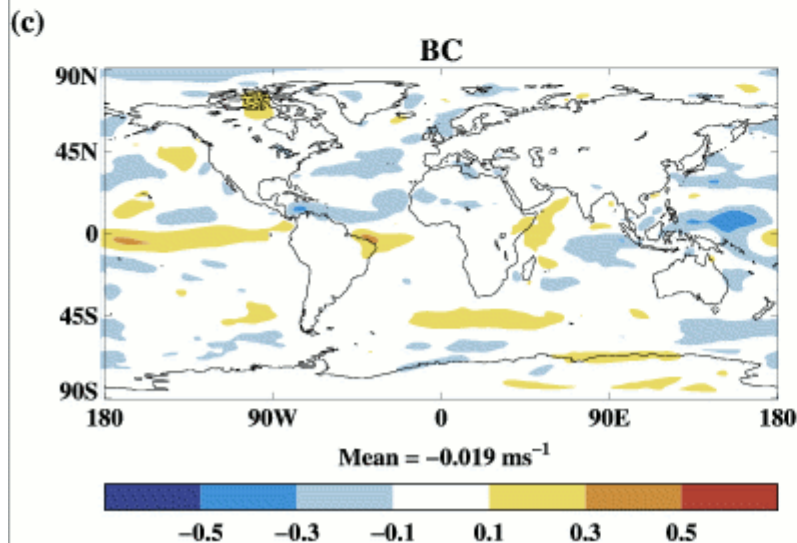
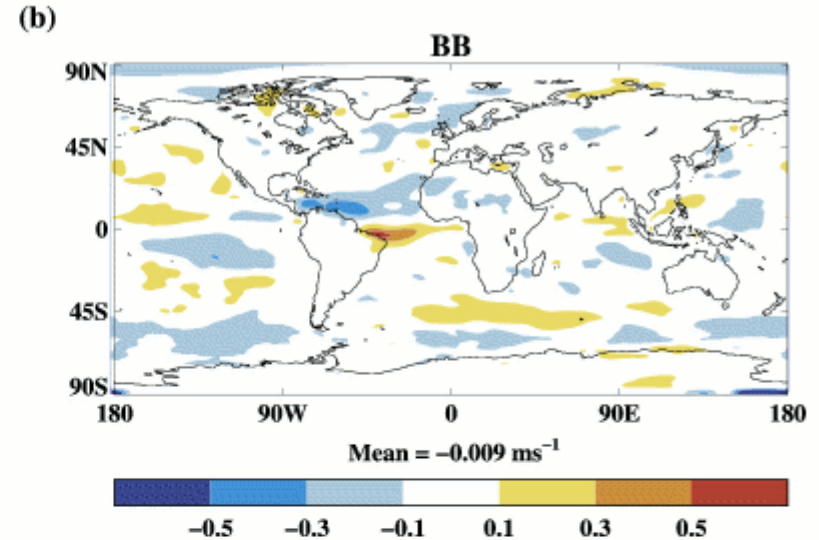
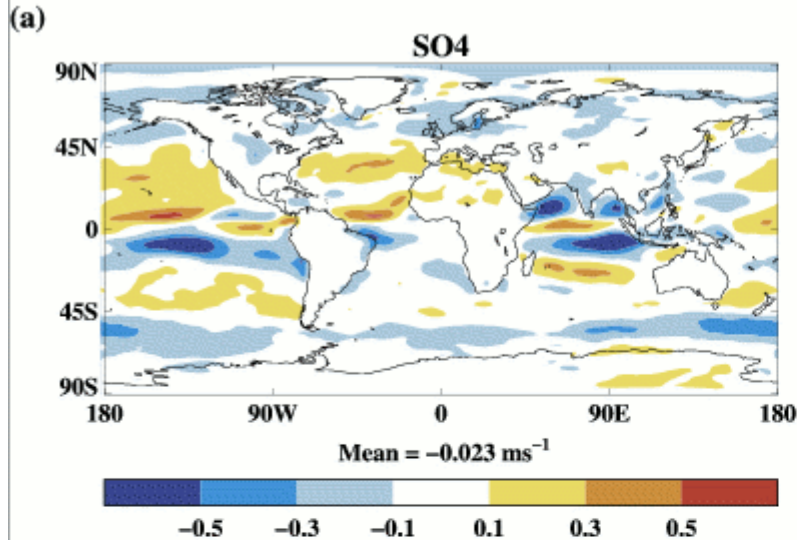
Feedback loops: marine aerosols



Aerosol burden response to SO4/BB/BC/CO2 forcings

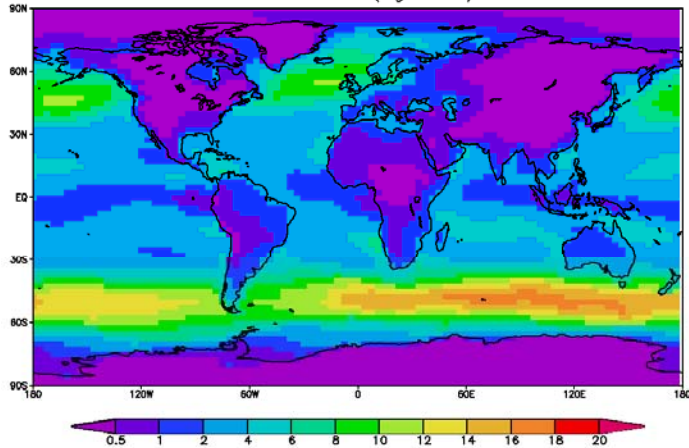


Wind speed response to SO4/BB/BC/CO2 forcings

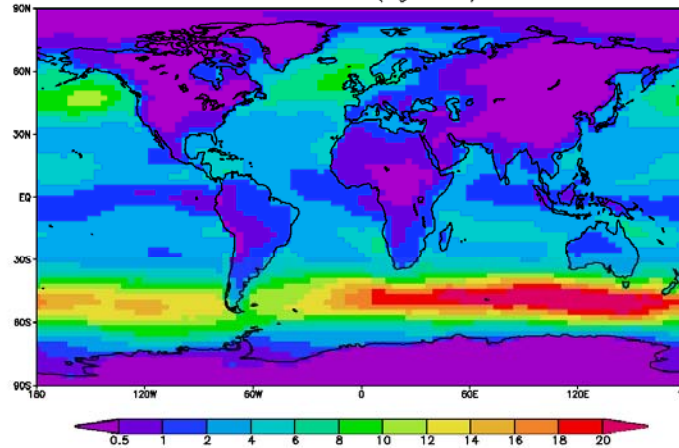


Change in sea salt cycle in a 2xCO₂ climate

Submicronic sea-salt ($\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$) - 1xCO₂

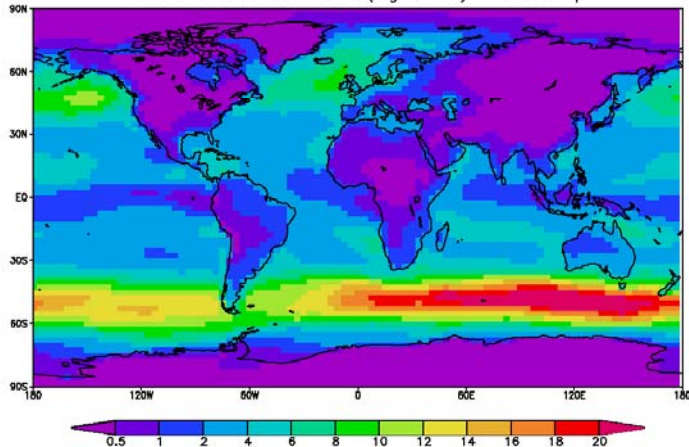


Submicronic sea-salt ($\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$) - 2xCO₂

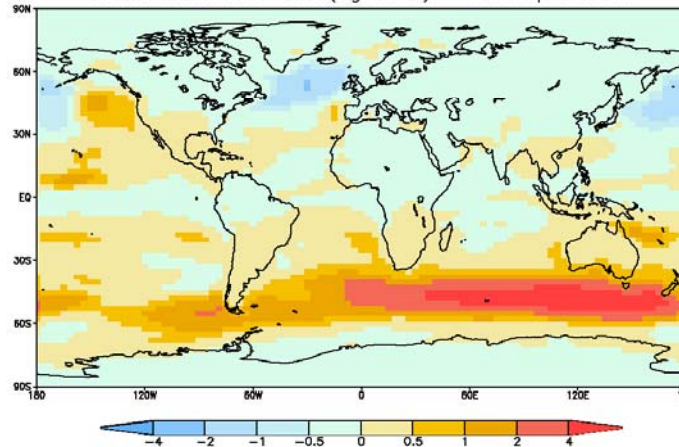


Emissions and sinks of sea-salt will respond to climate change through changes in wind speed, transport, and precipitation.

Submicronic sea-salt ($\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$) - 2xCO₂p

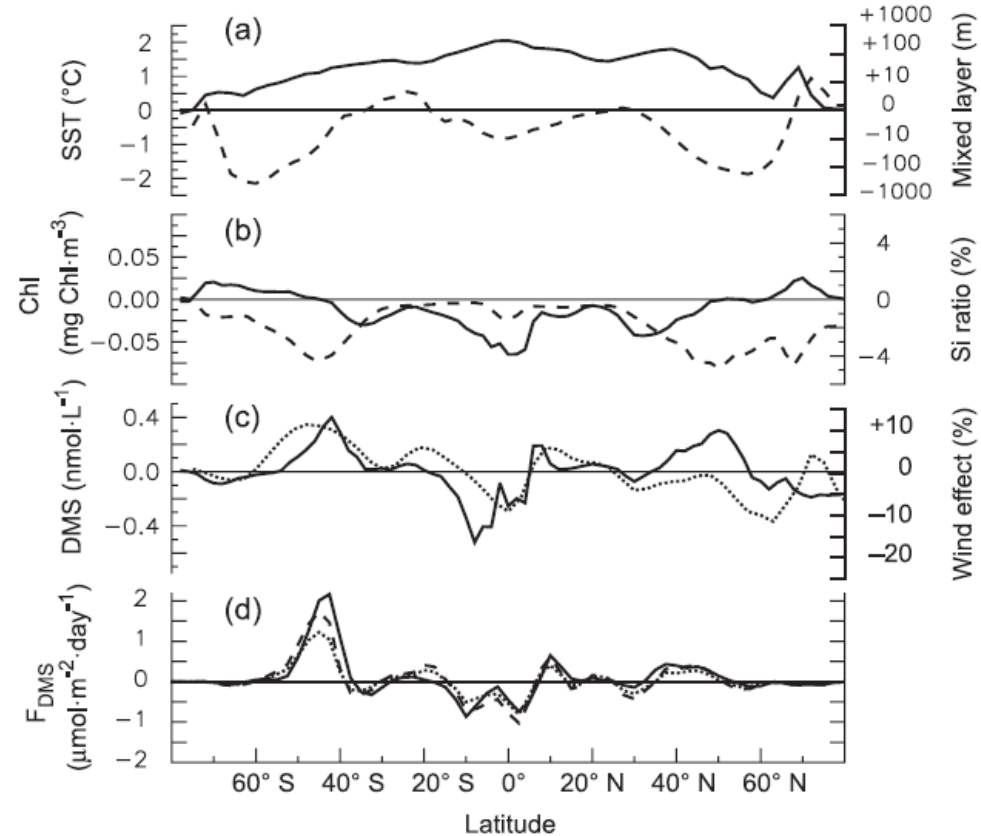
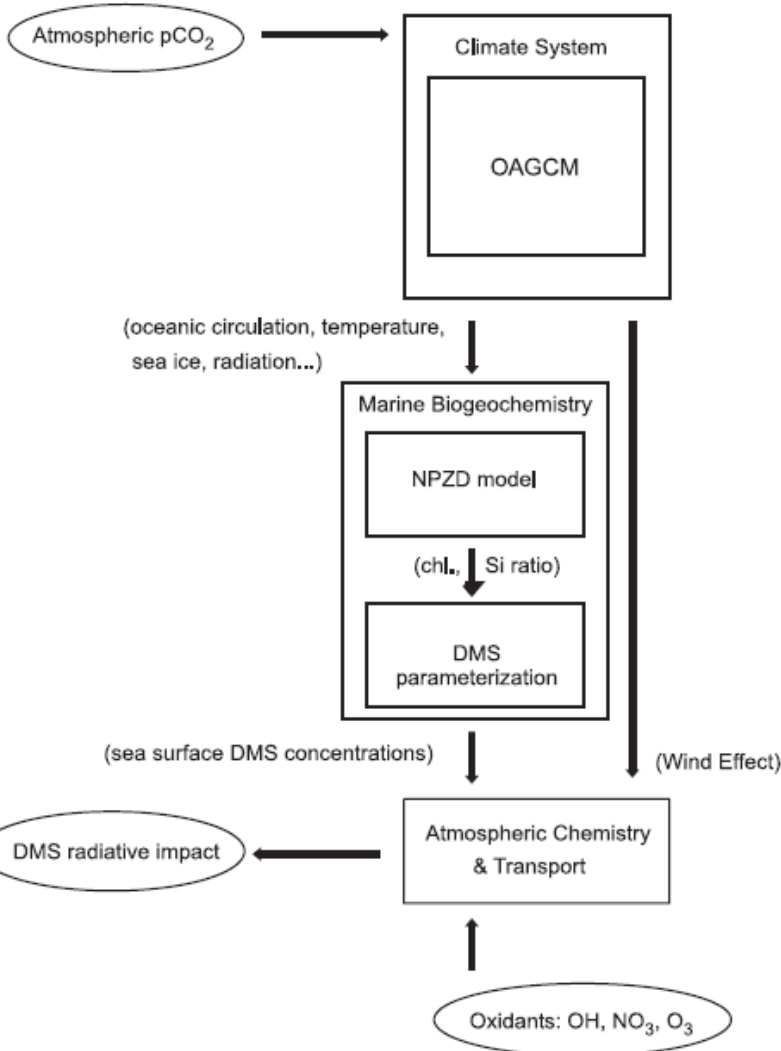


Submicronic sea-salt ($\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$) - 2xCO₂p-2xCO₁



Less cooling in the NH, more cooling in the SH, leading enhanced hemispheric contrast.

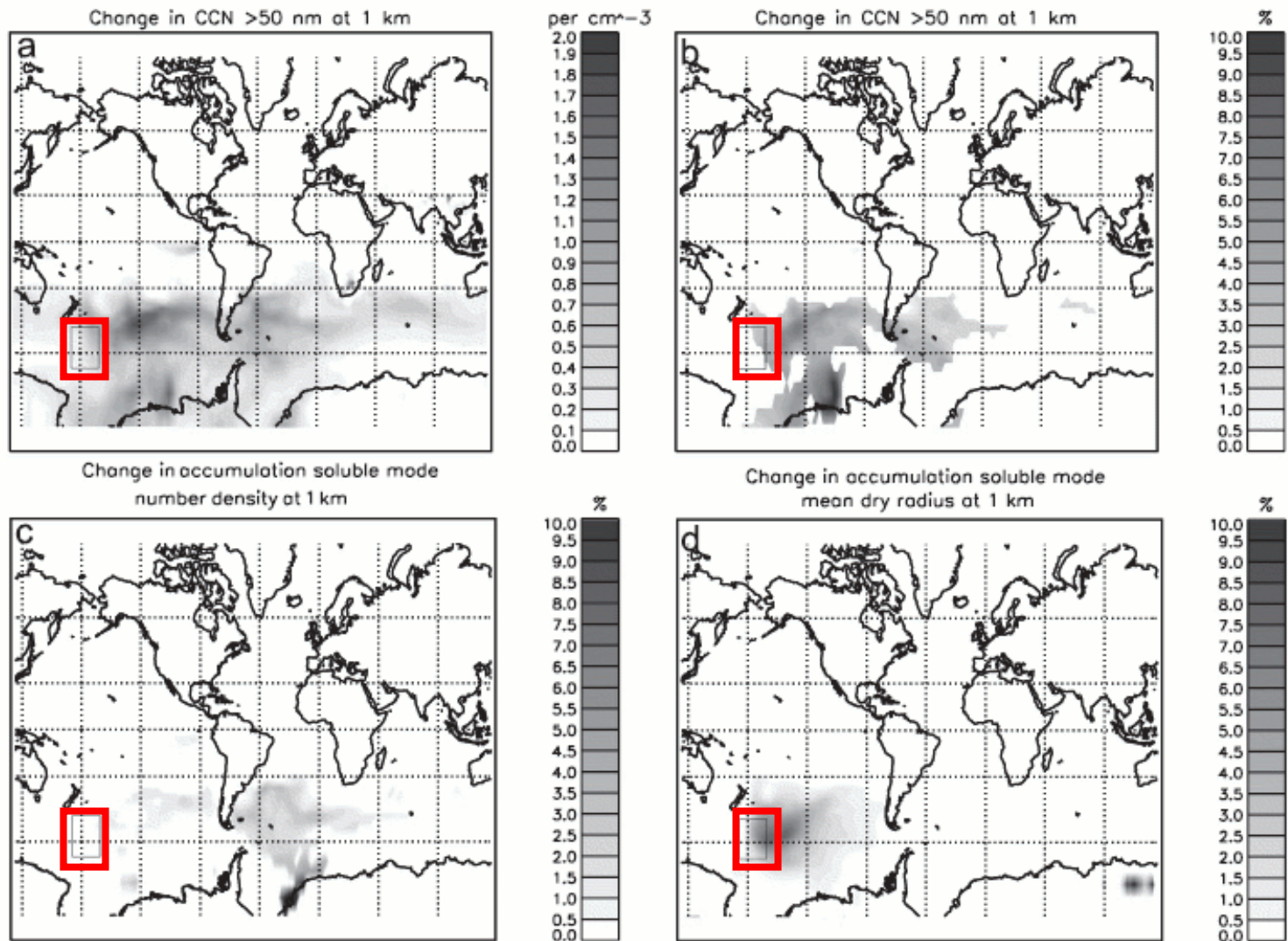
DMS response to 2xCO₂ climate response



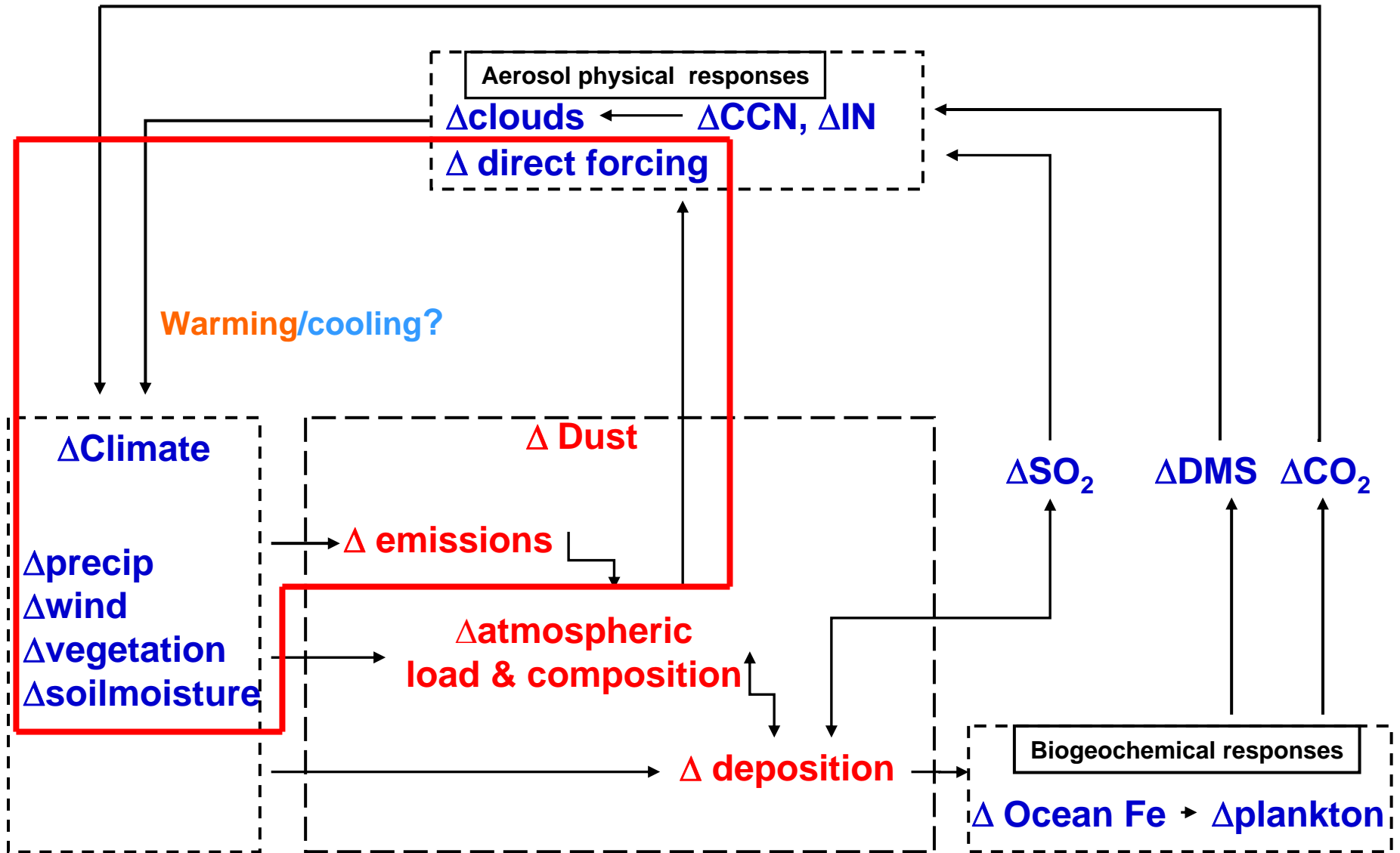
Bopp, Boucher, et al., 2003

CCN sensitivity to change in DMS emission

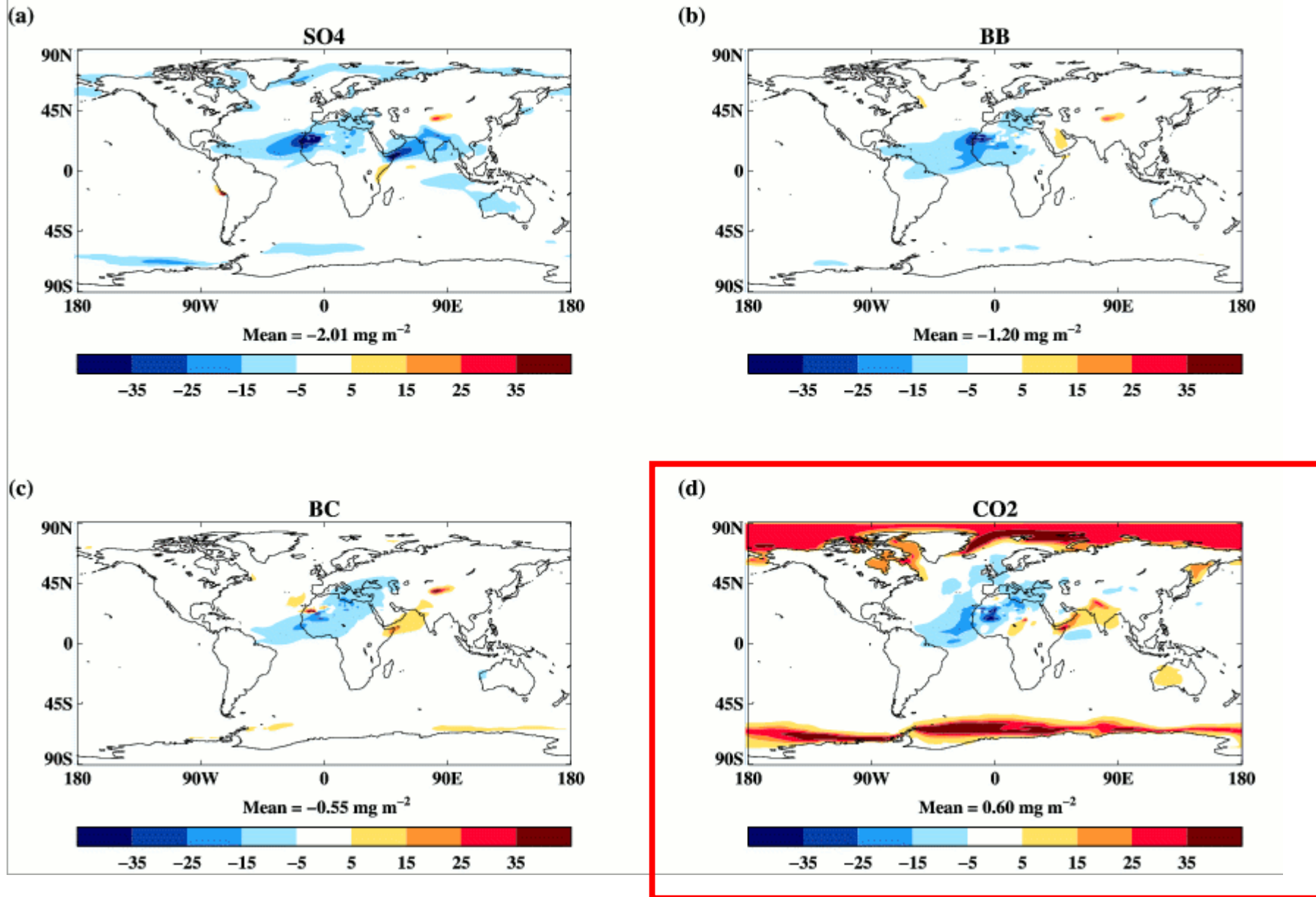
Patch of 5xDMS emission, +8% increase in DMS emission in the Southern Ocean, but only +1.4% increase in CCN >50 nm

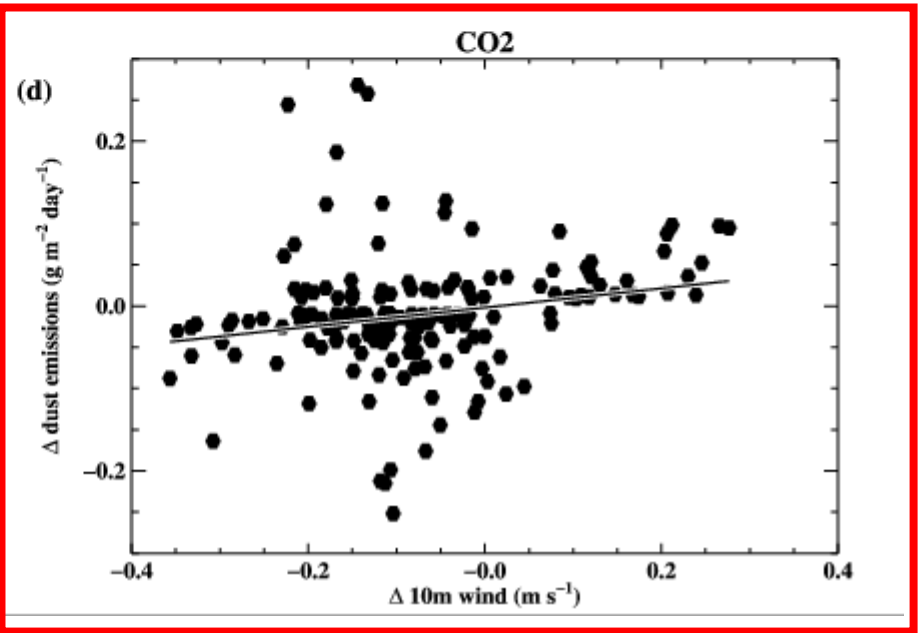
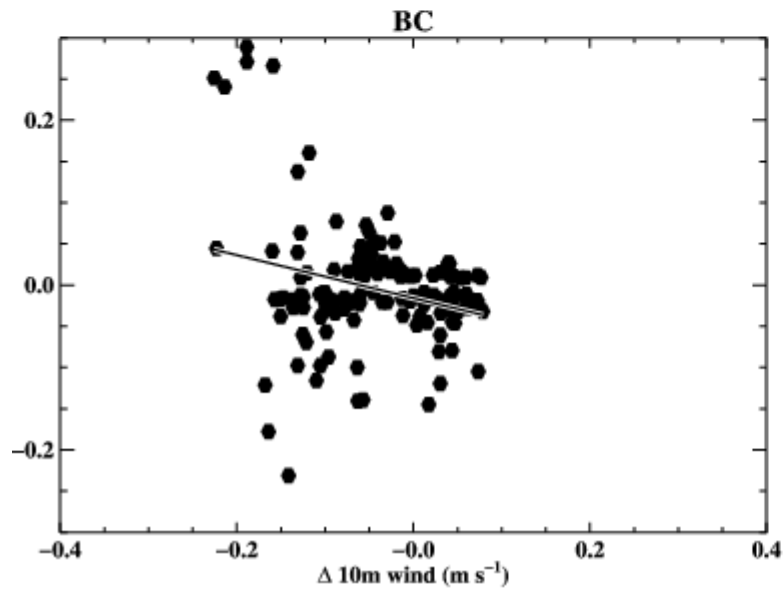
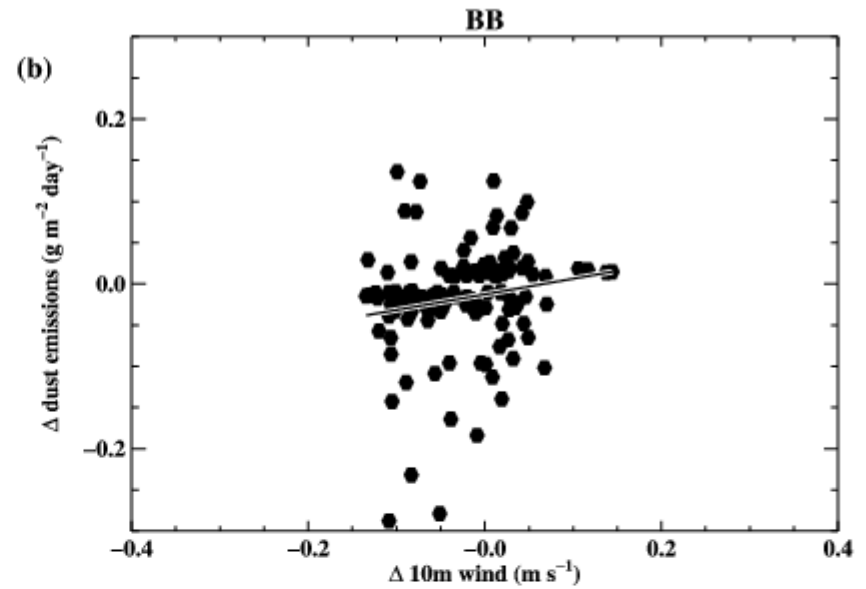
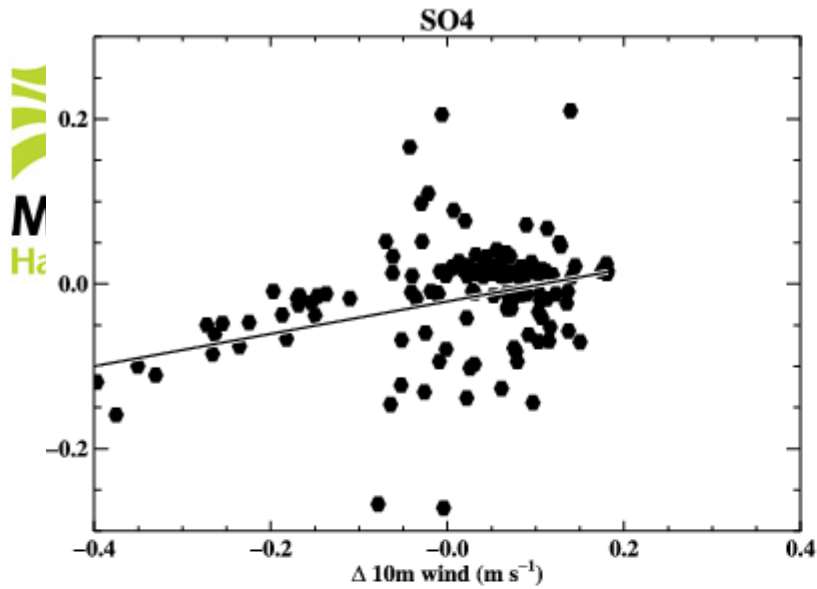


Feedback loops: dust aerosols

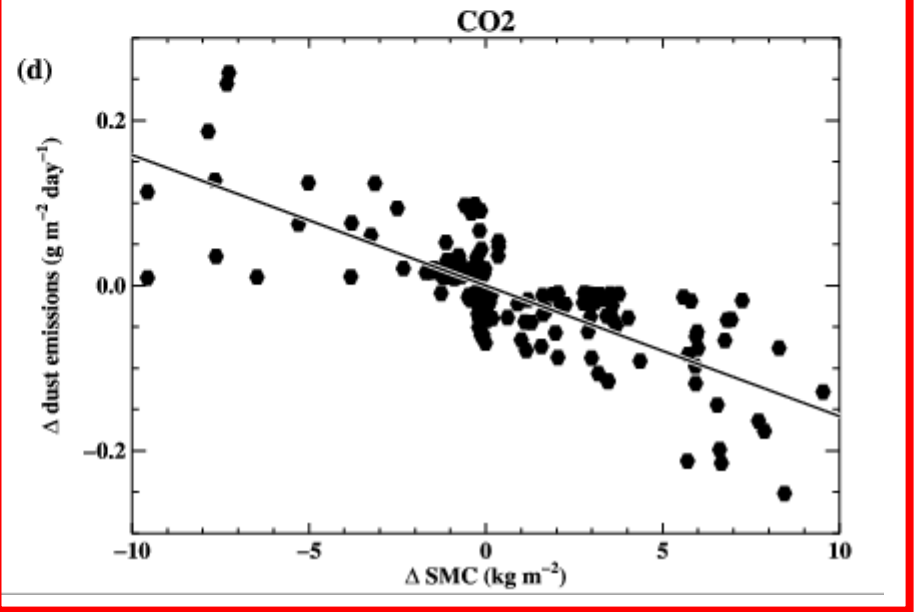
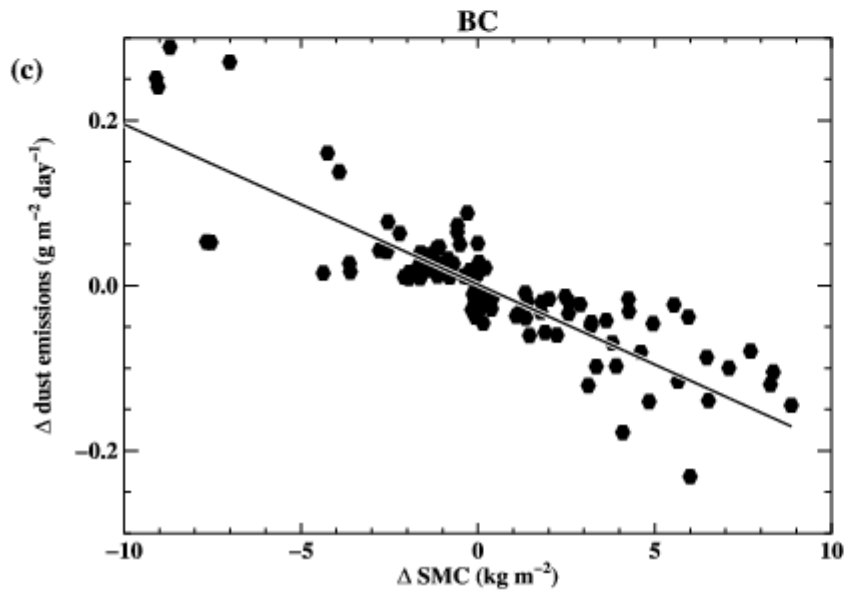
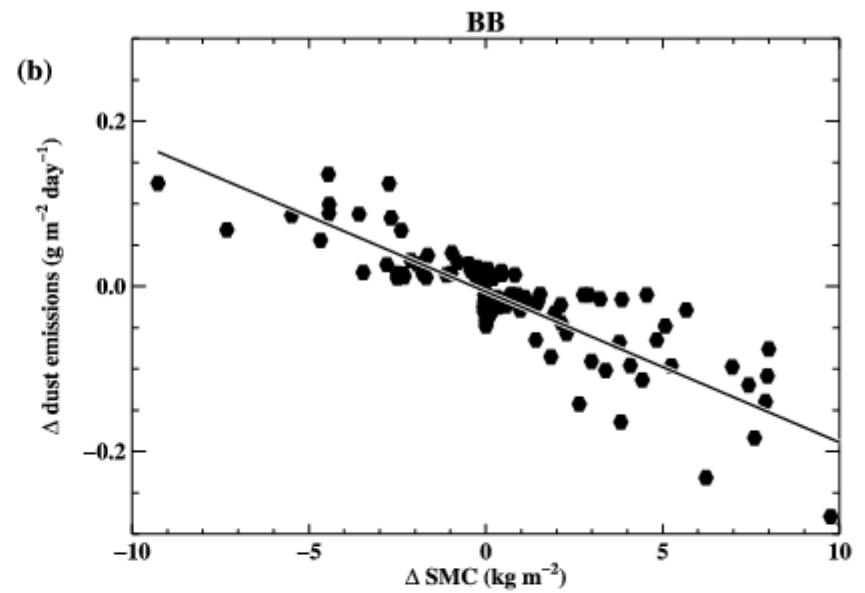
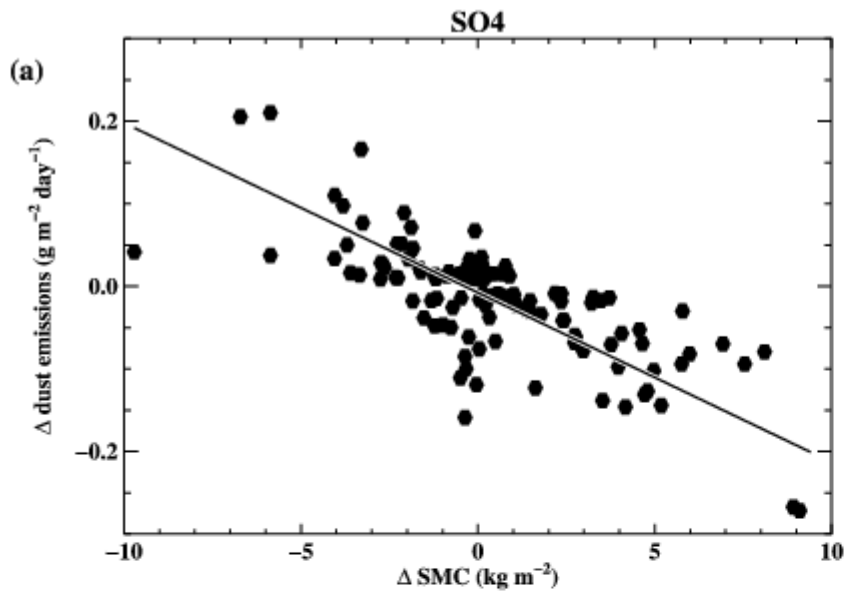


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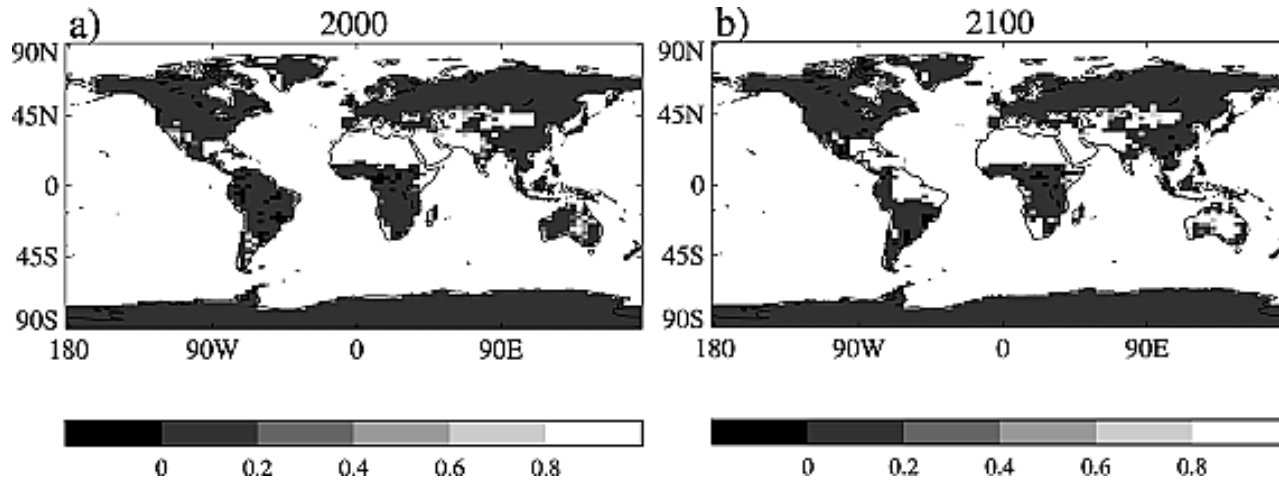


Jones, Haywood & Boucher, JGR, 2007

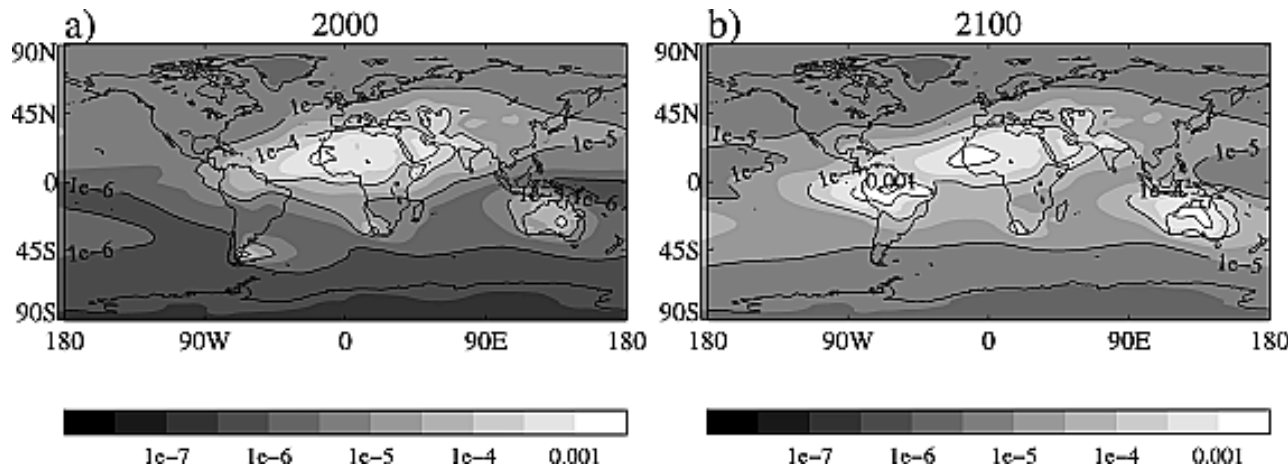


Jones, Haywood & Boucher, JGR, 2007

Changes in dust emissions from 2000 to 2100



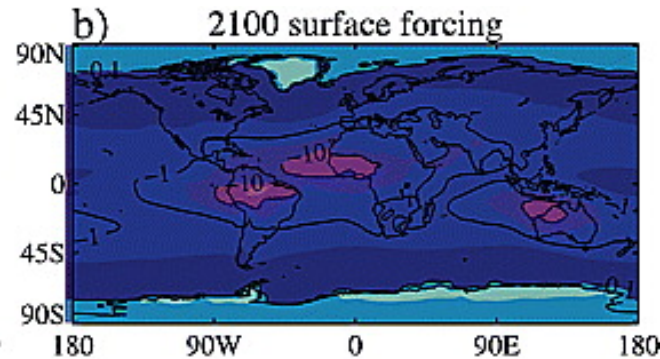
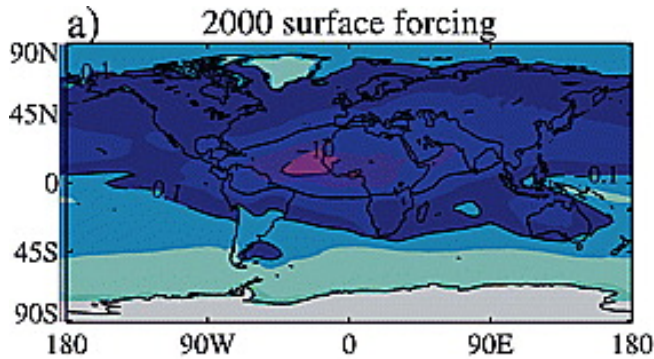
Bare soil fraction



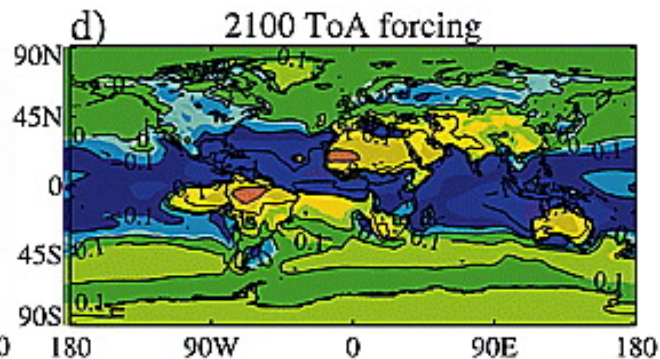
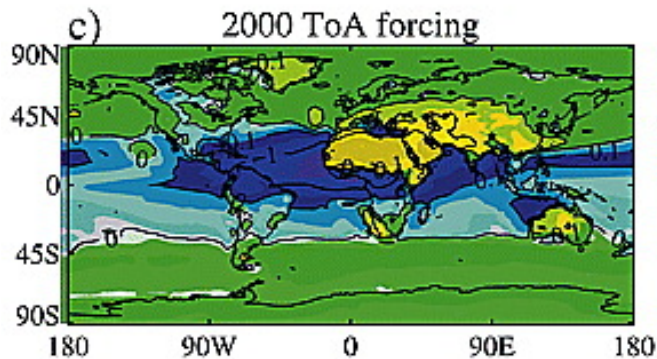
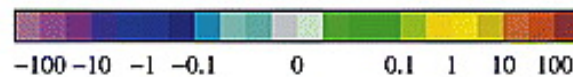
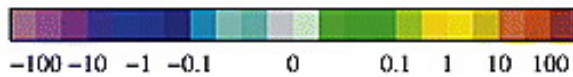
Atmospheric dust load
(kg m⁻²)

Woodward et al.
GRL, 2005

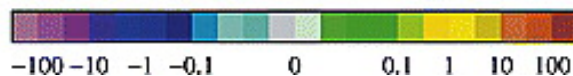
Changes in dust RF from 2000 to 2100



Surface forcing

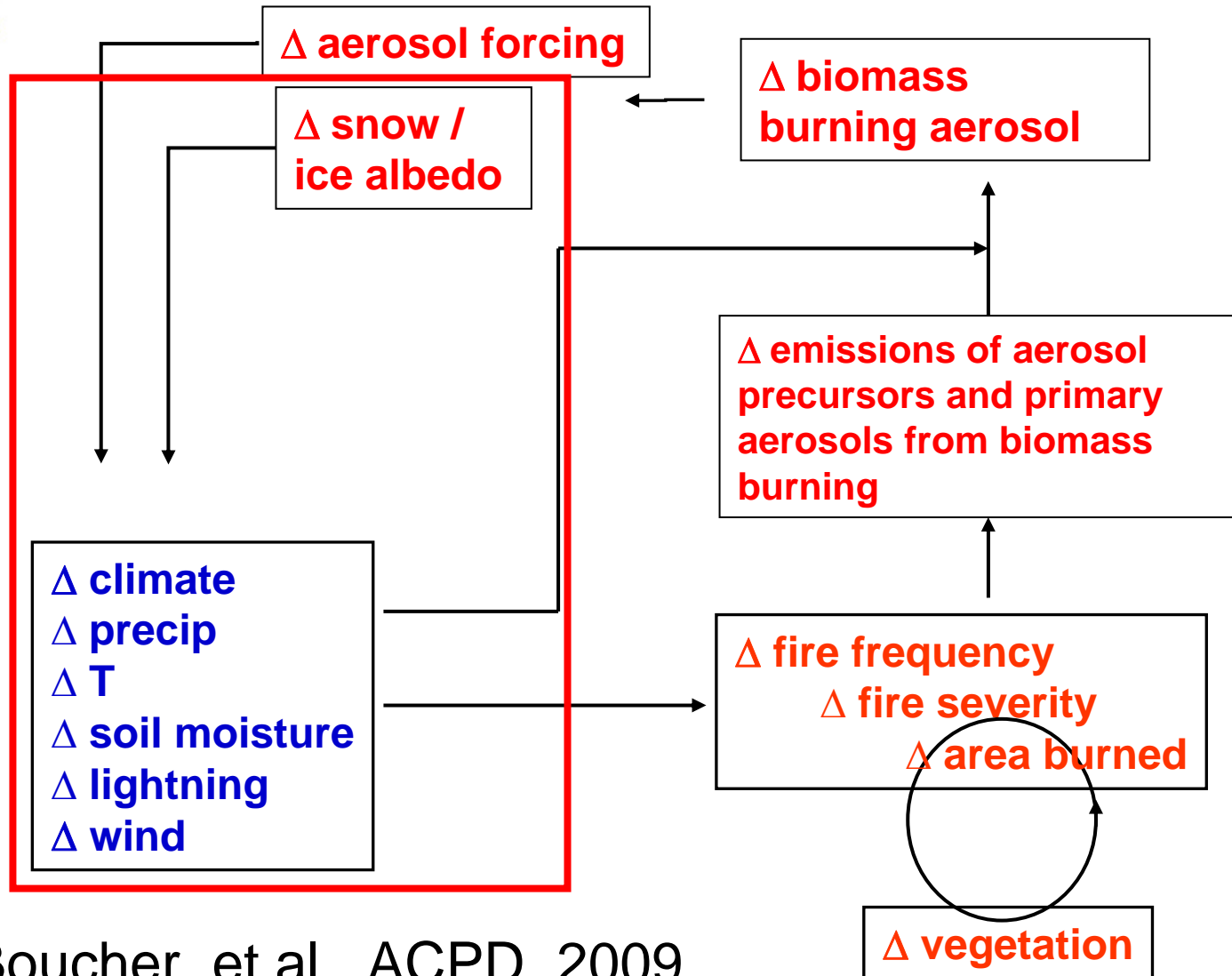


ToA forcing

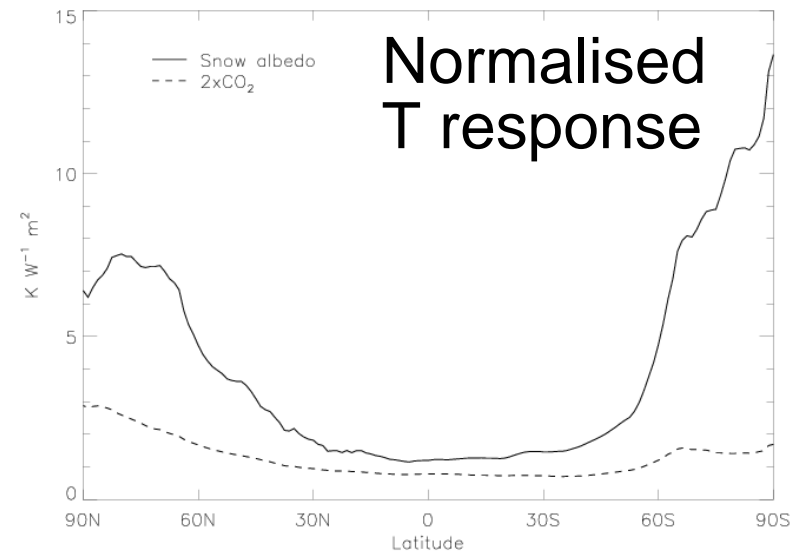
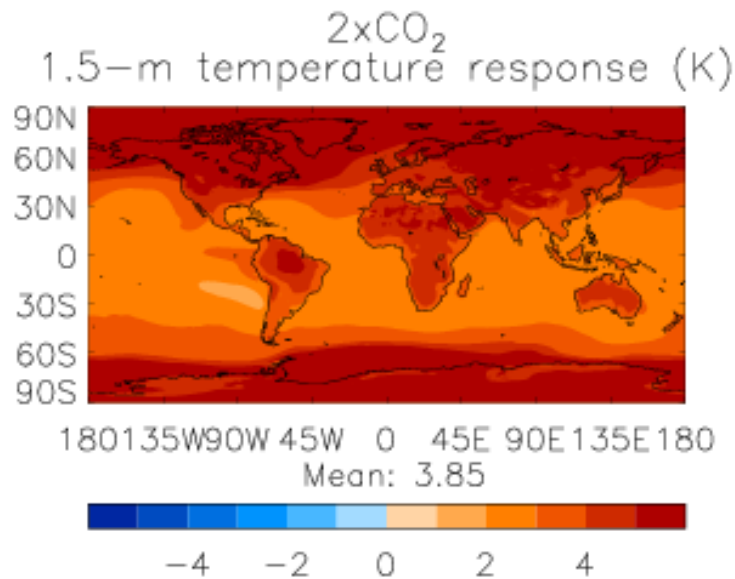
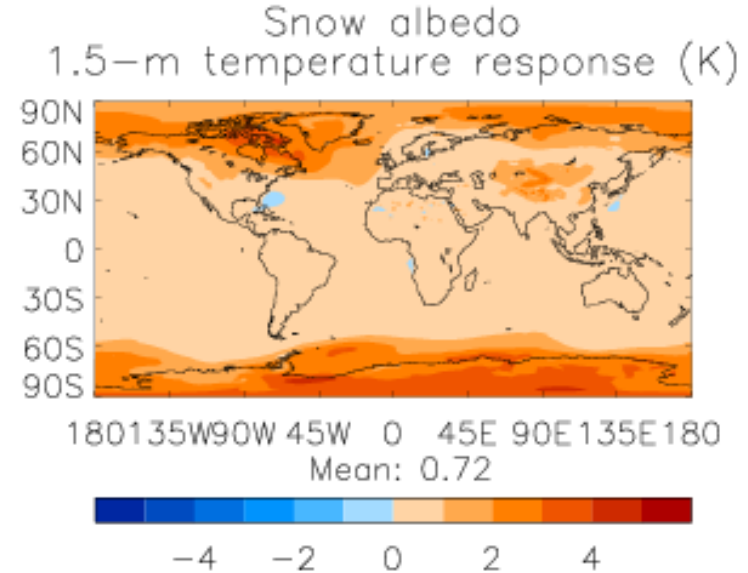
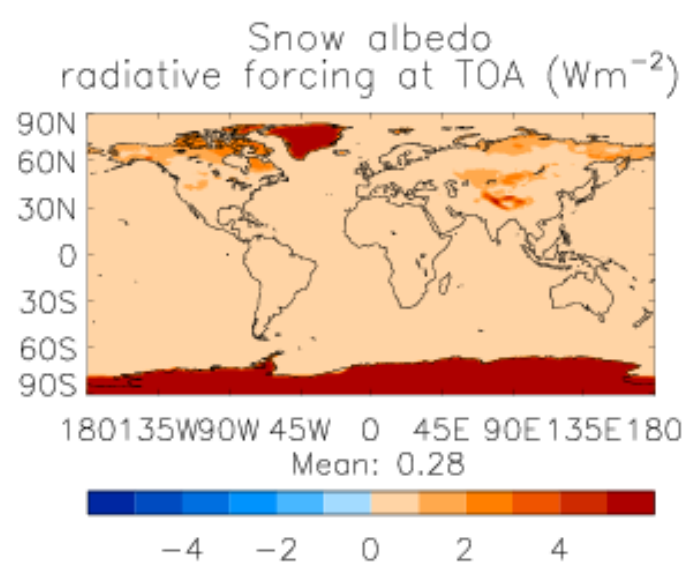


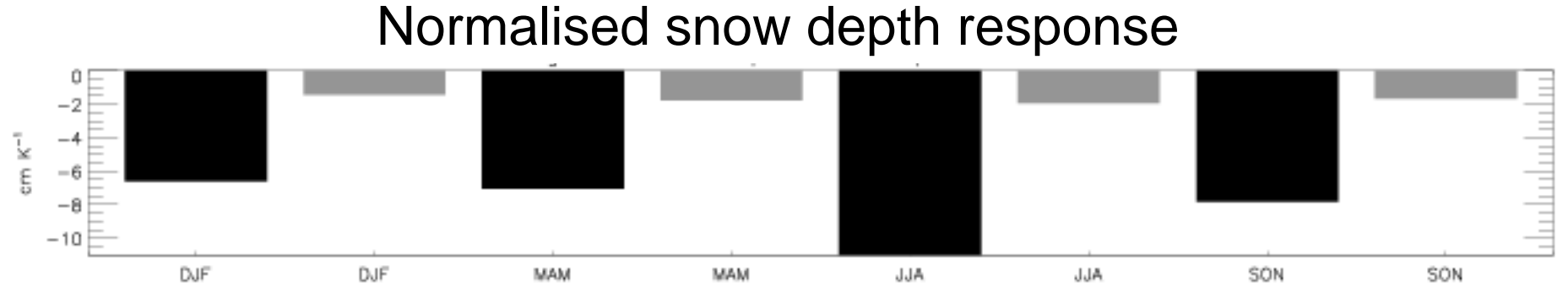
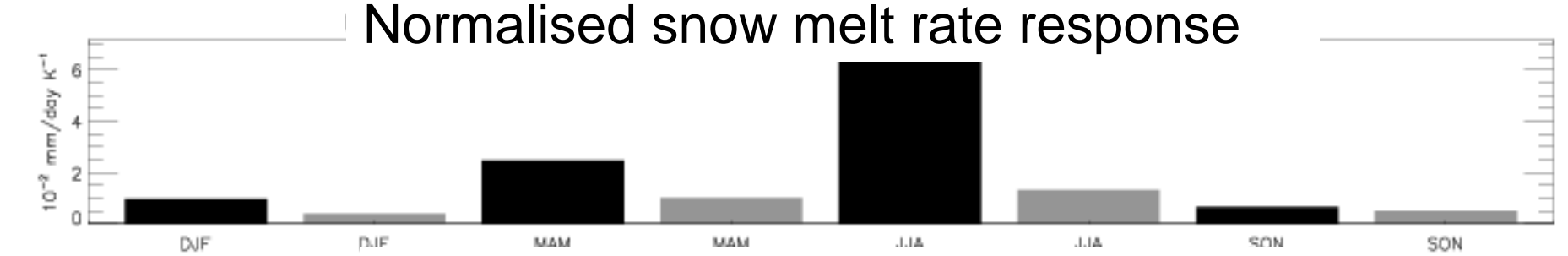
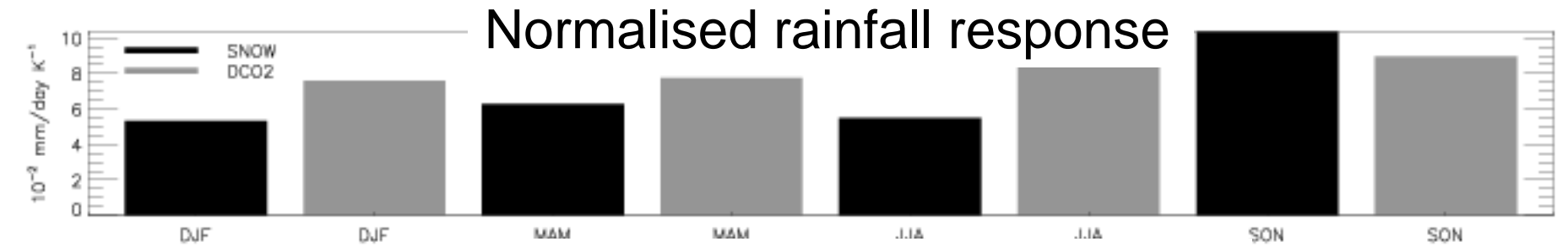
Woodward et al.
GRL, 2005

Feedback loops: biomass burning aerosols

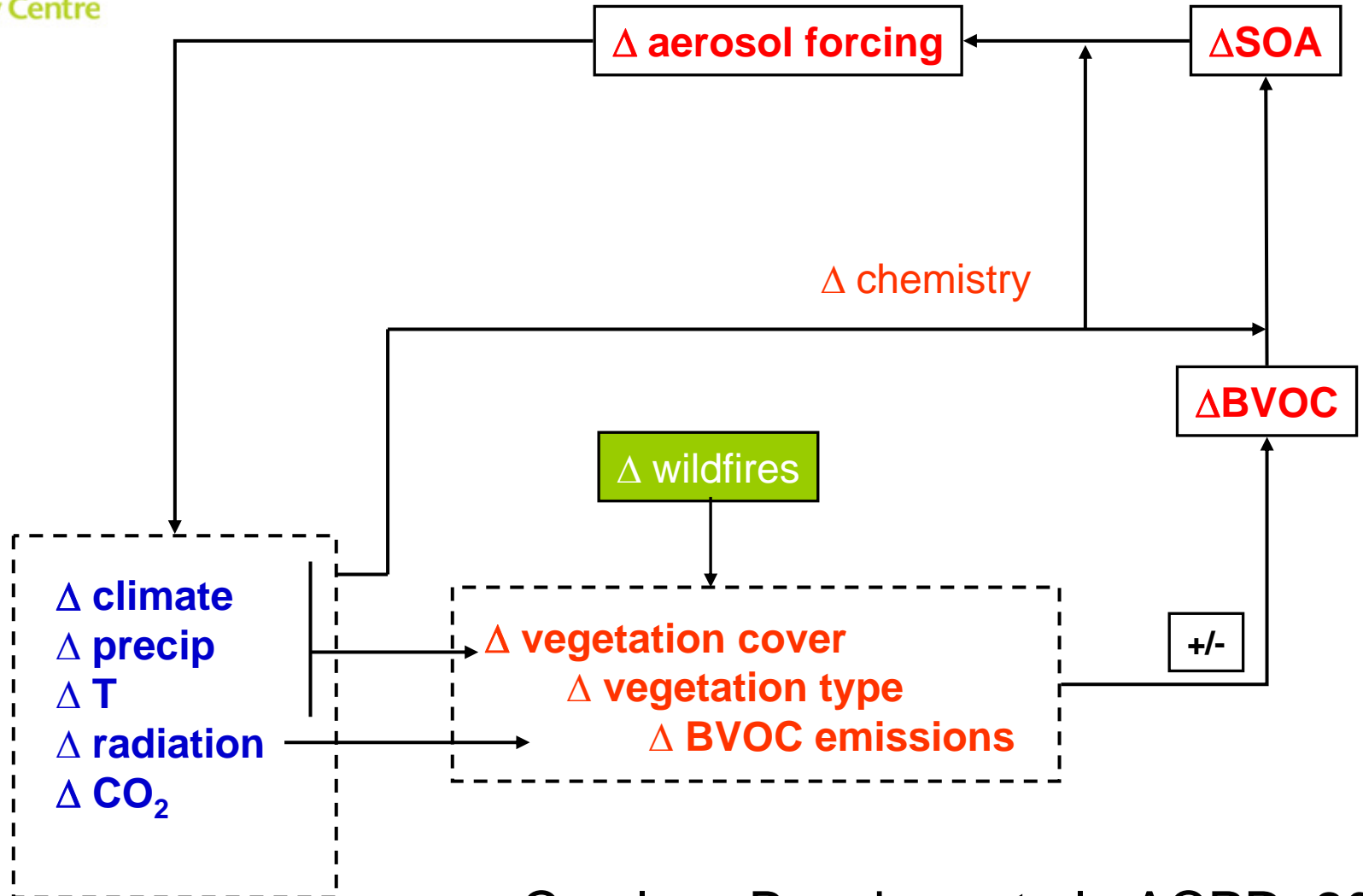


Black carbon on snow





Feedback loops: Secondary organic aerosols



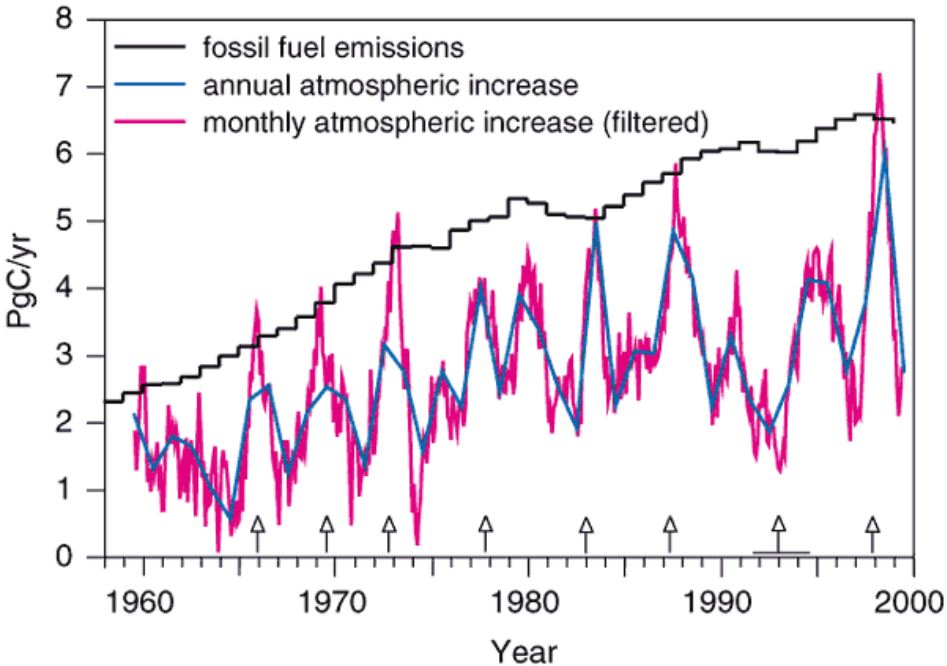
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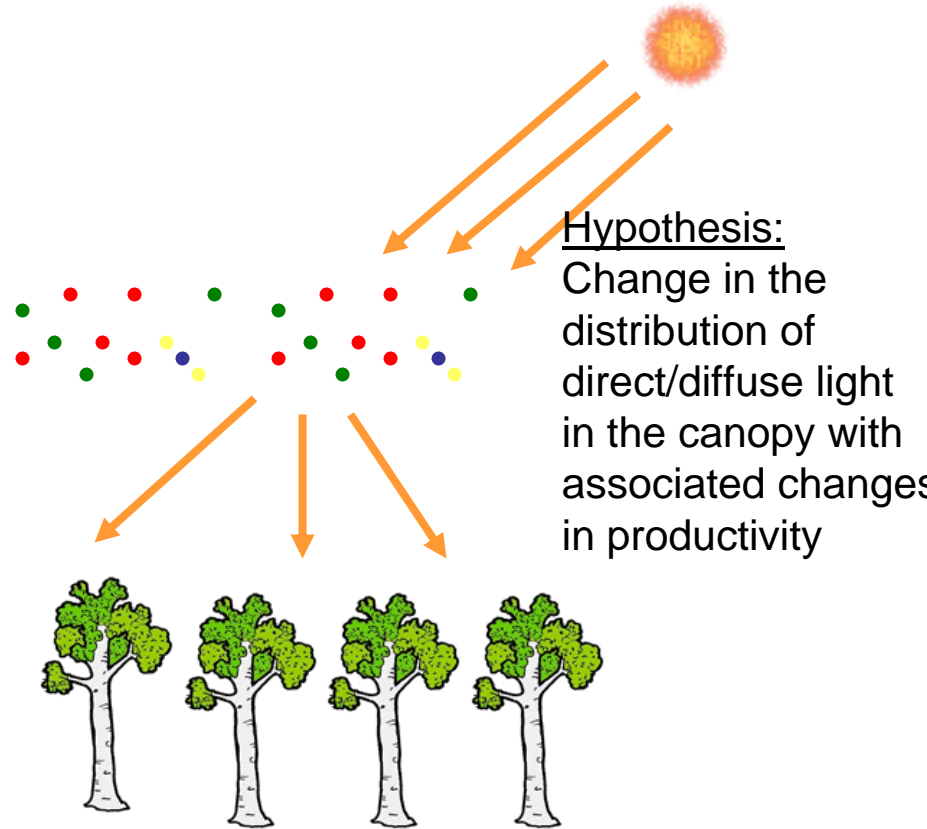
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An aerosol impact on carbon sinks?

Interannual variability in the (land) carbon sink



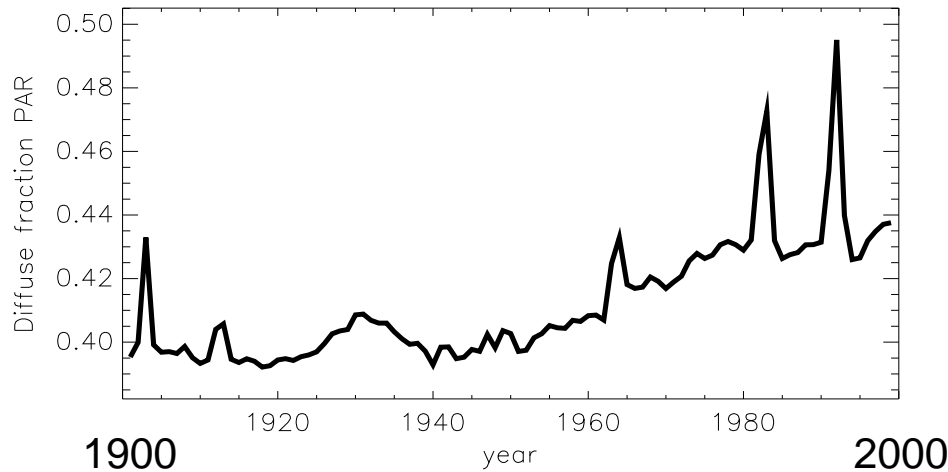
Hypothesis: some of it may be caused by large events of stratospheric aerosols



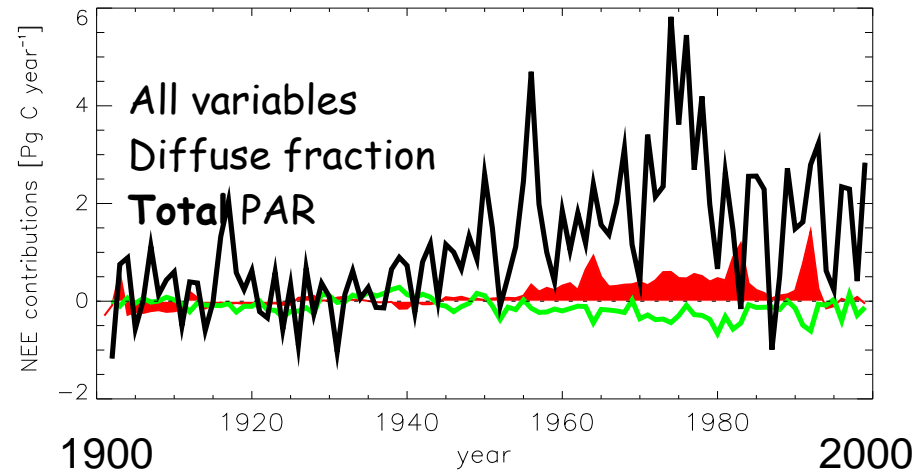
If true, there must have been a (transient) effect of tropospheric aerosols on the land carbon sink during the XX century.

Impact of changes in diffuse radiation on the global land carbon sink - 20th century

Diffuse fraction



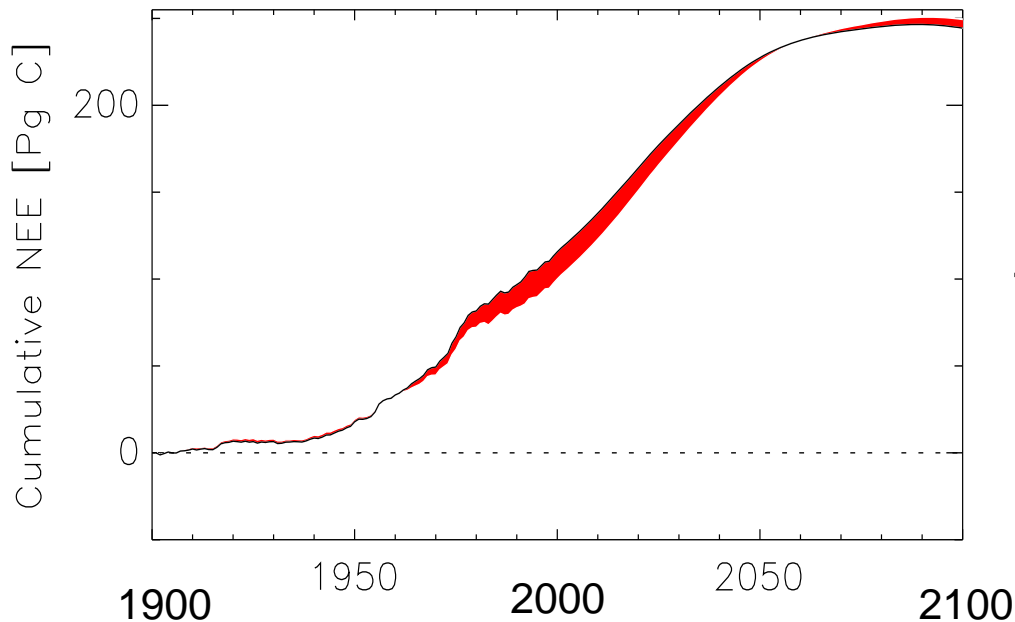
Contributions to C sink



Contributes 9% to terrestrial C sink over 1960-2000

Mercado et al., *Nature*, 2009
CEH-Met Office-Exeter Uni.

Impact of changes in diffuse radiation on the global land carbon sink - 21st century



In the future

Diffuse radiation contribution to land C sink will decrease under decreased aerosol emissions.

Mercado et al., *Nature*, 2009
CEH-Met Office-Exeter Uni.



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Summary

- Many potential feedback loops involve aerosols but only a few may be significant at the global scale
- Potential amplification mechanisms are
 - Change in vegetation (dust)
 - Change in vegetation productivity (aerosol diffuse radiation)
 - Change in snow albedo from boreal forest fires ?
- Earth system models can answer some of the questions
 - HadGEM2-ES (IPCC AR5)
 - QESM / HadGEM3-ES



Earth System Components in HadGEM2

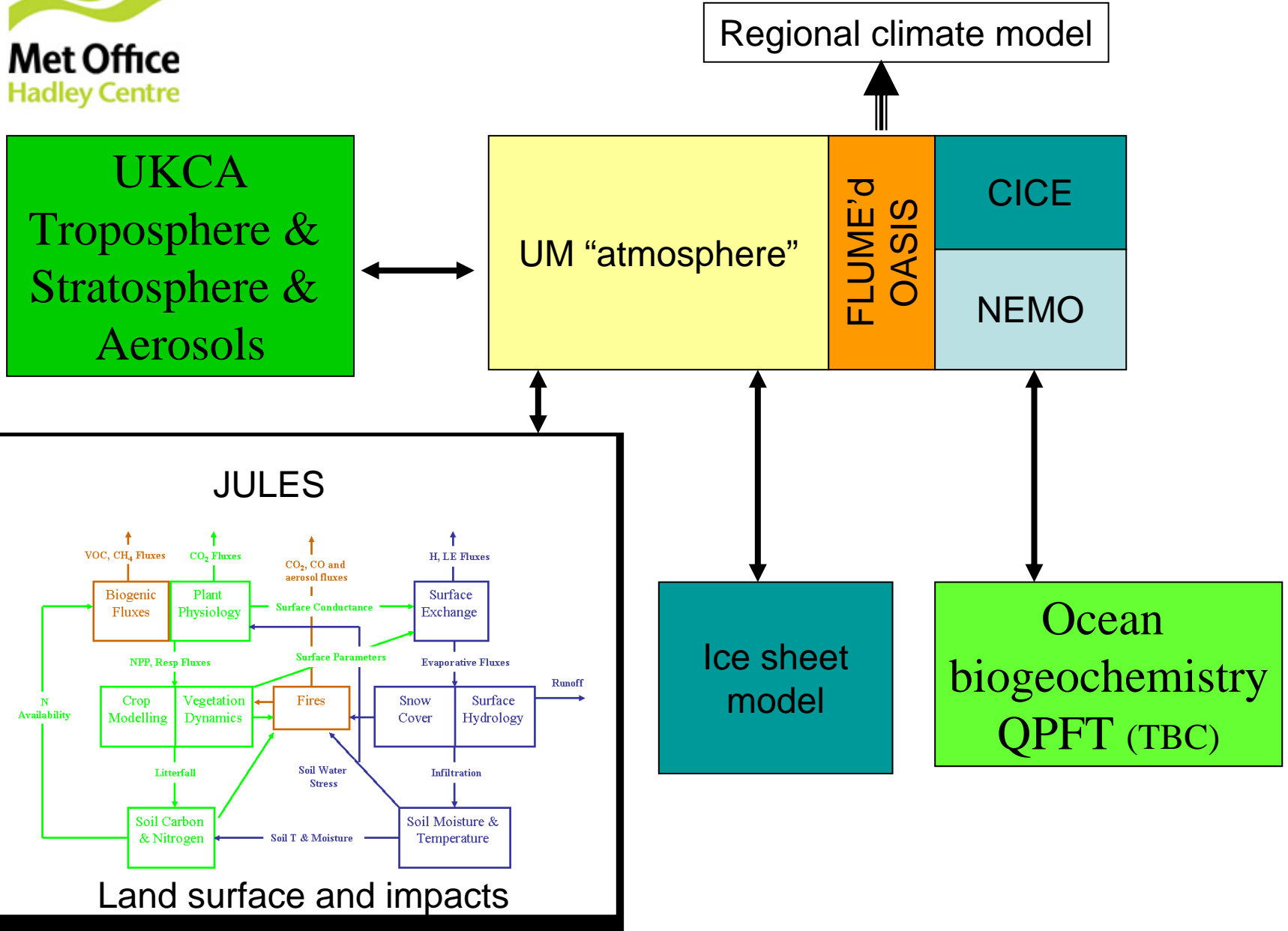
Hadley Centre Global Environment Model 2

Fully coupled Earth System Model

- Atmosphere, ocean, sea-ice, land surface
- Land ecosystems: dynamic vegetation, soil carbon
 - TRIFFID, RothC
- Ocean ecosystems: NPZD, diatoms, non-diatoms, DMS
 - Diat-HadOCC
- Aerosols: Sulphate, BC, OC, dust, sea salt, nitrate?
- Tropospheric chemistry: ozone, methane, oxidants
 - UKCA



HadGEM3-ES





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Thank you for your attention

Questions?